Milk containing vaccines cause milk allergies, EoE, autism and type 1 diabetes

Article in BMJ (online) - June 2018

Some of the authors of this publication are also working on these related projects:

Vaccine Safety Analysis View project
Milk containing vaccines cause milk allergies, EoE, autism and type 1 diabetes

The authors are ignoring a major cause of why food has become dangerous. Food protein containing vaccines, program the immune system to recognize food as pathogens.

Injecting cow's milk containing vaccines causes IgE mediated sensitization to cow's milk proteins (bovine casein, bovine folate receptor (FR) proteins, bovine insulin etc.)

Subsequently consuming cow's milk (either because allergy is mild or oral immunotherapy) causes synthesis of IgG4 against all of the above proteins.

Alum-Containing Vaccines Increase Total and Food Allergen-Specific IgE, and Cow's Milk Oral Desensitization Increases Bosd4 IgG4 While Peanut Avoidance Increases Arah2 IgE: The Complexity of Today's Child with Food Allergy
https://www.jacionline.org/article/S0091-6749(15)02364-7/abstract

Vaccines and the development of food allergies: the latest evidence
https://www.bmj.com/content/355/bmj.i5225/rr-0

Food protein containing vaccines cause the development of food allergies
https://www.health.harvard.edu/blog/giving-antacids-and-antibiotics-to-b...

IgG4 against bovine casein causes eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE).

IgG4 against bovine FR causes autism.

IgG4 against bovine insulin causes type 1 diabetes.

Food-specific IgG4 is associated with eosinophilic esophagitis
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5053831/

A milk-free diet downregulates folate receptor autoimmunity in cerebral folate deficiency syndrome
https://www.bmj.com/content/361/bmj.k2396/rr
Effect of cow’s milk exposure and maternal type 1 diabetes on cellular and humoral immunization to dietary insulin in infants at genetic risk for type 1 diabetes. Finnish Trial to Reduce IDDM in the Genetically at Risk Study Group.

Cow milk feeding induces antibodies to insulin in children--a link between cow milk and insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus?

Presence of anti-insulin reaginic auto-antibodies of the IgG4 class in insulin-dependent (type I) diabetic patients before insulin therapy.

**Competing interests:** No competing interests

17 June 2018
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